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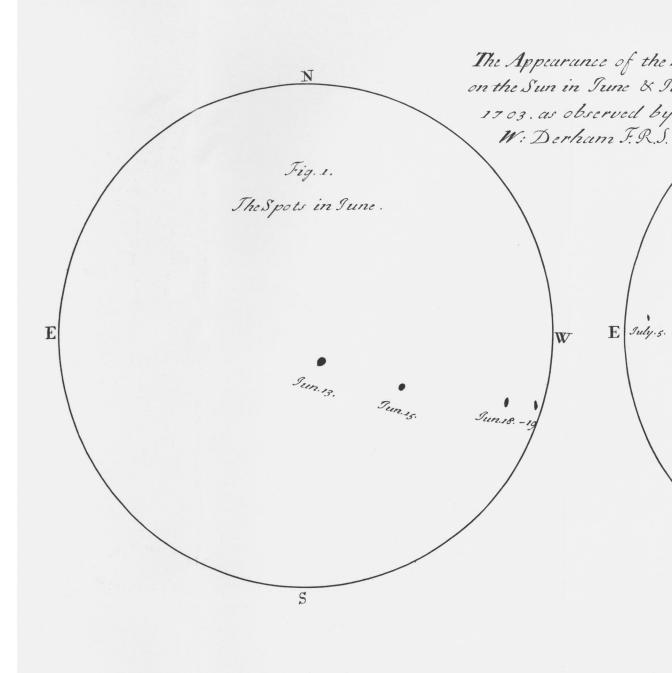
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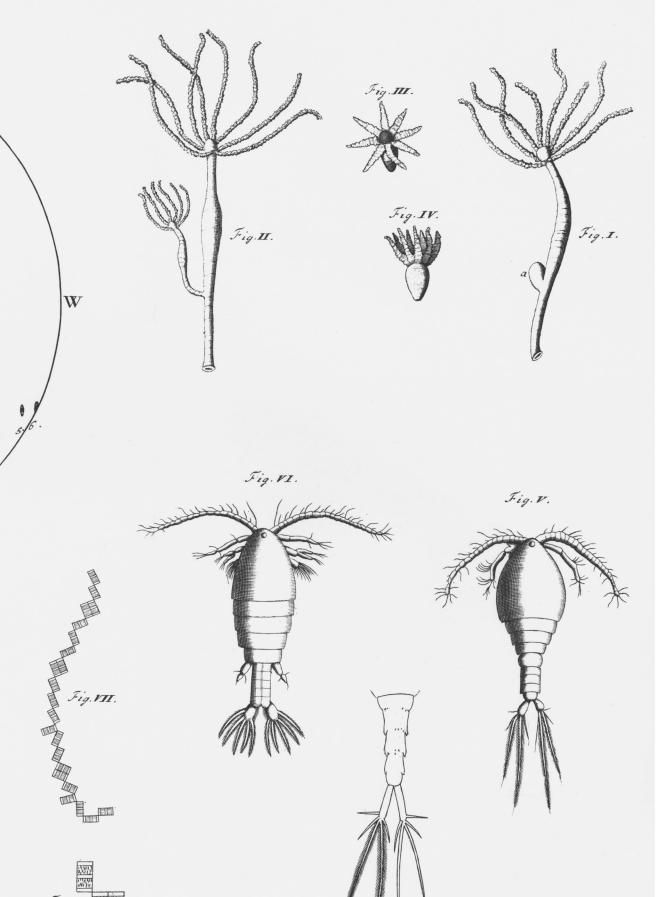
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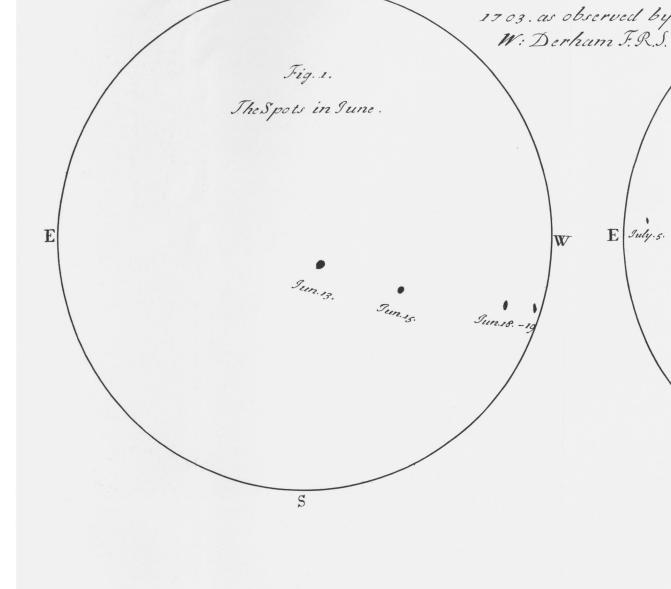
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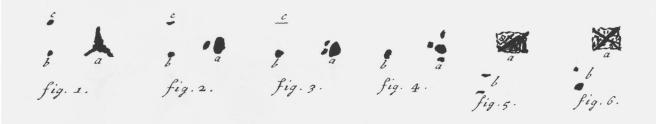


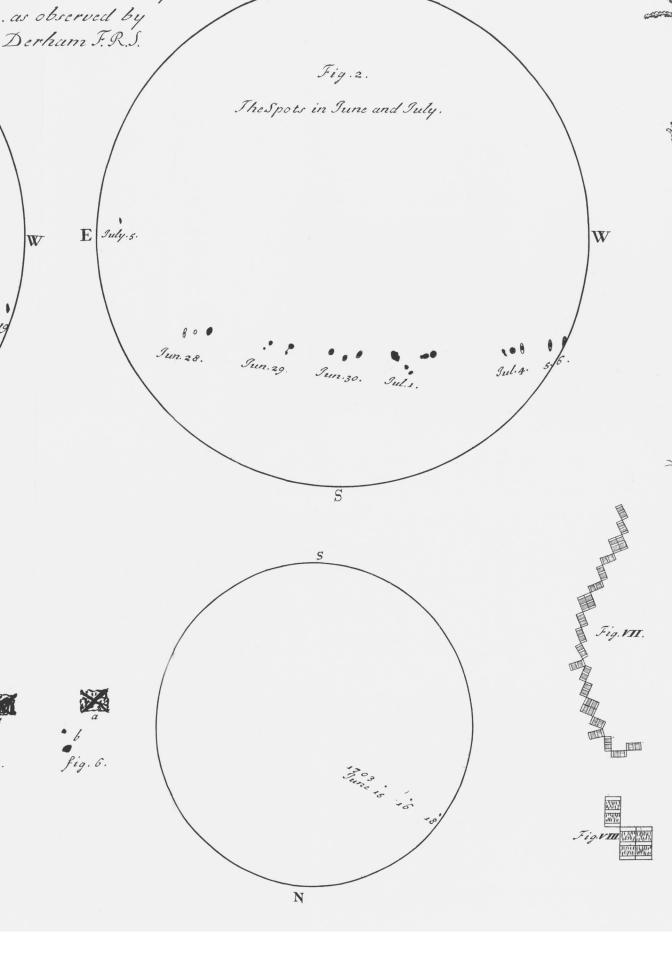


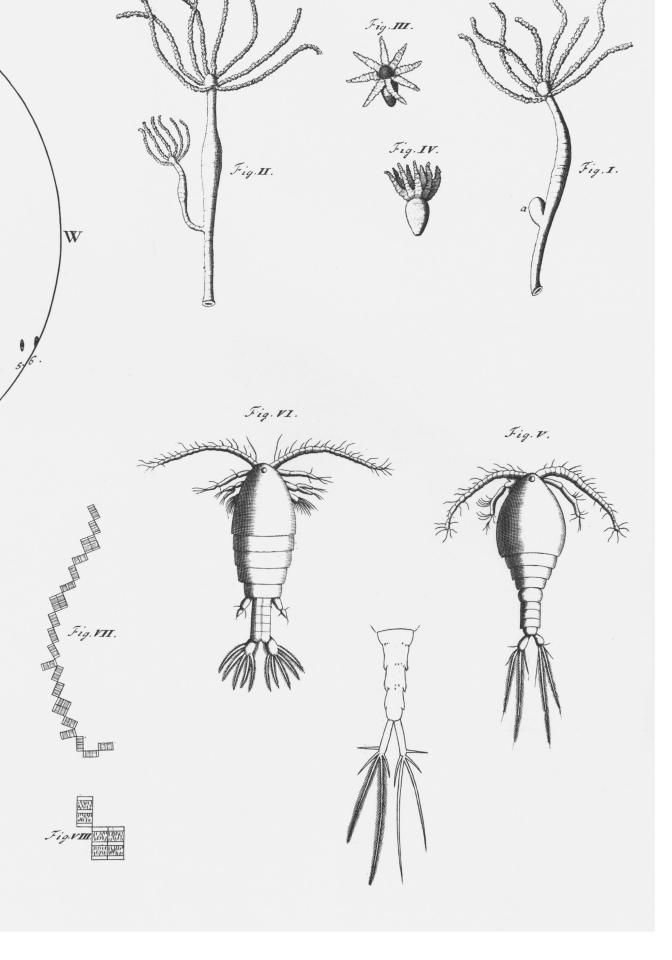
ppearance of the Spots N Sun in Tune & July . as observed by Derham F.R.S. Fig. 2. The Spots in June and July. E July . 5. W W Jun. 28. Sun. 29. Jun. 30. Jul.4. 1300 15 16











II. Part of two Letters from Mr Stephen Gray, concerning the Spots of the Sun, observ'd by him in June last.

SIR.

Pots in the Sun being so rarely seen. I presume it may not be unacceptable to you or someothers of the Royal Society to hear of one that has been observed by me this present fune, thost have at this time left the Suns visible Disk, yet by the sequel of this account, you will find it may

probably return in a few days.

June the 15th, 1702. between 4 and 5 a Clock in the Afternoon I saw a Spot in the Sun, by placing a white Paper so far behind the Telescope of 6 Foot, as to give the image of the Sun 9 inches diameter; the Spot was in the lower Right hand Quadrant of the Suns Disk, its form was almost round, inclining to an Ellipsis, it was distant from the limb of the Sun about 6 or 7 minutes, and its diameter I judg'd to be about 10 or 12 Seconds, a little before the Sun set I saw the Spot with a 16 Foot Telescope, and could perceive that it was environ'd with a Mistiness; the 16th I saw the Spot again about 2 in the Afternoon, and found it advanced nearer to the Western limb of the Sun, but the 17th was Cloudy, and so was the Night, which hinder'd me from observing the Eclipse of the Moon; the 18th in the Afternoon it clear'd up, and a little before 5 I faw the Spot with the 16 Foot Glass through thin Clouds, and found it was now very near the limb of the Sun, little more than half aminute, 'twas much contracted in its breadth, so as to be 4 or 5 times longer than broad, the 19th in the Morning I look'd for it again, but could not see it, fo I concluded it was then either gone off the Disk of the Sun,

or if it adhered to the limb, the great Tremulation of the Atmosphere hinder'd me from seeing it.

Astronomers have by these Spots sound, that the Sun revolves on its Axis, so as that in 27 days the same point in the Suns Disk returns to the same place seen from the Earth, hence its Semirevolution in 13 days, and consequently the Spot going off the Suns Disk, the 19th of June may be expected to return the 2d of July next to the Eastern limb of the Suns visible Hemisphere, if it be not dissolved before that time. I have in the following Figure endeavoured to express the appearance, but had not the conveniency of measuring the angle of the Spots way, with the Vertical, which is only guess dat.

June the 26, 1703. In the Evening I look'd to see whether there were generated any new Spots in the Sun, but found none; but on the 27th about half an hour after 8 in the Morning, by receiving the Suns image on white Paper from the 6 Foot Glass, I saw a Spot near the Vertical of the Sum towards the lower limb, betwixt 9 and 10 I elevated the 16 Foot Tube, the Clouds now being of a convenient thickness to let me see the Sun without prejudice to my Eyes, and found that this Spot was of atriangular form, and that it was accompanied with 2 other lesser ones, as is exprest in Figure the Ist, the sides of the great Spot were curvilinear, this with 2 leffer ones made an Equicrural Triangle at 4 in the Afternoon the Triangular Spot had a small fragment separated from it. and it self was now become Elliptical, the Spor b. d. was much augmented, but the Spot c. diminished, and become longish, as in Figure 2, at half an hour after 5 the fragment from the great Spot was it self divided into 2, and the Spot c. was so narrow as scarce to be seen, as at Fig. 2, at 6 a Clock. and 30 minutes there was a small fragment separated from the lower end of the great Spot, as at Figure 4, at 7 a Clock the Spot b was much encreas'd, but c. was vanish'd; the observations made this Asternoon with the 16 Foot Glass, were when the Air was clear and so to secure my Eye, the Eye Glass was smoak'd with a Wax Candle.

The 28th about 7 in the Morning, I saw that the great Spet was much augmented, but the lesser ones that yesterday attended it, were vanished, and that there were two new ones generated at about I imminutes distance from the great one below, and towards the less thand of it the great one was a paralellogram, with a very black diagonal crossing it, see Fig. 5. at 10 a Clock there was another diagonal crossing the former, and the two lesser Spots which before were longish, had now taken a round form, the Spot c. being much larger than the other at b.

I am not yet furnish'd with proper Instruments to find the position of the Suns Spots, with respect to Longitude and Latitude on the Suns Disk, so I contented my self with observing the position and variation of the Spo s among themselves, which afforded me a most strange and won-

derful variety.

III. Some Observations on the Spots of the Sun, by the reverend Mr William Derham, F. R. S.

## Explication of the Figures.

He two Circles represent the Suns Disk, and N. the Northern part thercof, S. the Southern, E. the Eastern, and W. the Western part.

The place of the Spots, and the manner of their Appearance every day, is represented with the day of the

Month onthe Sun's Disk.

But I desire is may be observed, that altho the Figures of the spots are done pretty exacily, yet their places on the Sun are not so, for being unprovided with sonvenient Instru-